

# Qu'Appelle Progress.

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Qu'Appelle, April 21st, 1887.

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A. L. Kings of Job Work street attached  
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Qu'Appelle, June 2, 1887.

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dollars and wooden toys, etc., etc.,  
at THE PROGRESS STORE.

## Grand Success.

MAGNIFICENT OVATION TO  
MR. W. D. PERLEY, M. P.

On Tuesday evening, the citizens  
of Qu'Appelle honored Mr. W. D.  
Perley, M. P. for East Assiniboa,  
with a complimentary dinner pro-  
vided by the Queen's hotel. The  
large room lately occupied by THE  
PROGRESS, and owned by Mr. J. P.  
Beauchamp, was obtained for the oc-  
casion and a table prepared in the  
form of a T to accommodate seventy  
persons. A few minutes after  
eight o'clock the table was occupied  
and some ticket holders were still  
unprovided for when other tables  
were brought in till about midnight  
sat down. The chair was occupied  
by Mr. A. M. McLane, and the vice-  
chair by Mr. Wm. Cluston. After  
justice had been done to the  
excellent dinner served up, the us-  
ual loyal toasts were drunk with  
enthusiasm and enlivened by music  
by the string band. "The army  
and navy" was responded to by Col.  
Sproat and Mr. R. McManus.

The toast "The guest of the  
evening, Mr. W. D. Perley, M. P.  
for East Assiniboa," was drunk in  
the most enthusiastic manner. In  
response Mr. Perley said: that he  
came to express his feelings in  
responding to the great mark of  
respect paid him that evening. It  
gave him very great pleasure to  
see present besides his friends and  
supporters at the late election, a  
fair sprinkling of those who oppos-  
ed him, among whom was the vice-  
chairman of the evening. The  
magnificent spread and the large  
attendance was a source of much  
pleasure to him, and he felt ex-  
ceedingly grateful for the mark of  
favor thus manifested. He took it  
as a mark of approval of his course  
in Parliament. However imperfect  
the work he had performed, he had  
discharged his duties to the best of  
his ability. He felt his position to  
be one of very great responsibility.  
On his way to Parliament soon  
after his election, he realized the  
importance of his position as a  
Northwest representative. He felt  
that the eyes of the eastern mem-  
bers would be upon those from the  
Northwest. He mapped out for  
himself the course he would pursue,  
and determined that he would not  
interfere with eastern matters  
leaving those to be dealt with in  
the House by eastern men, but  
when Northwest matters came up,  
he felt it would be in keeping with  
the duties of his position to have  
something to say, and that he would  
say it in as few words as possible.  
He felt that the most effective work  
could be done by meeting with the  
different cabinet ministers. He  
found that he could do more by talk-  
ing to them in urging the wants of  
his constituents than by making  
long speeches in Parliament. He  
soon found that long speeches were  
not listened to. Another rule he  
had down was not to abuse or say  
 nasty things about the opposition,  
although he was elected as a sup-  
porter of the Government. When  
he got down to Ottawa he found  
that Assiniboa had been divided  
into two political districts and that  
an Ontario man had been appointed  
sheriff of the eastern district. He  
felt that the patriotism of the dis-  
trict was his own, and determin-  
ed to control it. He went to the  
Hon. Mr. Thompson, Minister of  
Justice, and Sir John Macdonald,  
and asked to have the appointment  
changed. He was told that it had  
been made for seven months and  
could not be changed. But he re-  
plied that the appointment was  
not yet gazetted and he was anxious  
of a politician to know that it could  
be cancelled. A short time after  
the original appointment was how-  
ever gazetted. He immediately

went to the Premier and the Min-  
ister of Justice and demanded that  
the appointment be withdrawn.  
He had obtained the assistance of  
an eastern member, and stated that  
he would make it a subject of a  
motion in the House for papers  
and correspondence unless the  
appointment was withdrawn  
and a local man applied. He  
was happy to say a few days after  
he succeeded in displacing the On-  
tario man and having Mr. Chas. Mar-  
shall, of Whitehead, appointed  
to the position. He had no further  
difficulty in controlling the patron-  
age of his district. A matter that  
engaged his attention was aid to  
the agricultural societies of the  
Northwest. He waited upon the  
Hon. Mr. Carling, Minister of Agri-  
culture, and asked for a grant of  
\$10,000 for that purpose. He had  
found by experience when a mem-  
ber of the cabinet was asked for  
anything that he almost invariably  
said no at first, and that it was  
necessary to argue the point and  
convince him of the justice of the  
demand before it would be granted.  
He called upon Mr. Carling day  
after day to press for the agricultural  
grant, and when he thought he had  
almost succeeded, Mr. Carling said  
to him "Why Mr. Perley if we  
give you this grant all the other  
provinces will be asking for the  
same thing." He said to Mr. Carling  
that the other provinces had  
their local governments and revenues  
from which such grants were made,  
and they had no claims, but that  
the Northwest looked to the Dom-  
inion Government for aid in such  
matters. He (Mr. Perley) knew  
that Sir Charles Tupper, Minister  
of Finance, understood the question,  
and with the other Northwest  
members went to him and got  
him to promise that if Mr.  
Carling would recommend it he  
would put it into the estimates.  
They then went to Mr. Carling  
and did finally succeed near the  
close of the session in getting him  
to recommend it, and the grant was  
made. The Government having  
decided to give one experimental  
farm to Manitoba and one to the  
Northwest he felt it his duty to  
secure the location of the one for  
the territories in Assiniboa, and in  
East Assiniboa if possible. He  
succeeded in securing the promise  
that it should be located somewhere  
between Broadview and Qu'Appelle,  
the exact place to be determined  
by Prof. Saunders. He believed  
the experimental farm would do  
good. On it tests would be made  
of new seeds and new trees, and  
fruits and the farmers would get  
the benefit without the necessity of  
making expensive experiments.  
In the matter of other grants, they  
(Mr. Perley and the other North-  
west members) succeeded in getting  
them increased. The school grant  
was increased by \$12,000, it being  
now \$42,000, and the grant for  
roads and bridges was increased  
\$5,000. He (Mr. Perley) then re-  
ferred to the stand he had taken on  
the National Policy and the duty  
on agricultural implements. While  
he had always supported the Na-  
tional Policy, he felt that a tariff  
of twenty-five per cent, was a suf-  
ficient protection for the manufac-  
turers of agricultural implements.  
Mr. Perley then referred to the  
question of a legislative assembly  
for the Northwest. Mr. Davin,  
the member for West Assiniboa  
introduced a bill at the beginning  
of the session on this question and  
also amending the Lands Act  
and the 11th section Act. They  
were introduced, but his knowl-  
edge or consent. Mr. Davin was  
not aware that Mr. Davin intended  
to introduce them till he did so.  
On the floor of the House, when Mr.  
Davin asked him to move the  
House to amend the law con-  
cerning. He did so at once, and

went to the Hon. Mr. White, the  
Minister of the Interior, and en-  
quired if these bills were intro-  
duced with his consent. Mr. White  
said his permission had not been  
obtained and that the bills would  
have to be withdrawn. He (Mr.  
Perley) felt that the proper thing  
was for the Government to intro-  
duce such measures, and if they  
would take them up they would  
pass. He, however, thought that  
the formation of a Legislative  
Assembly was somewhat premature,  
and that it would be better to have  
a more representative Council. In  
order to secure that it was neces-  
sary to pass an Act forming new  
electoral districts or extend the  
time of the present council another  
year so that a more matured plan  
could be devised. The latter was  
finally decided upon and an Act  
to that effect passed. In reference  
to the amendments to the land  
laws, he had waited repeatedly up-  
on Mr. White and explained loud  
and long the desirability of extend-  
ing the time to permit second home-  
steads. He might say that he  
scored quite a point on this ques-  
tion. Mr. White had frequently  
refused to grant his request, but  
almost the last day of the session  
he finally prevailed upon Mr.  
White to embody an amendment  
to the Lands Act permitting all  
who had completed their first home-  
stead duties prior to the 2nd of  
June, 1886, to enter for a second  
homestead. The question of dis-  
allowance was then taken up by  
Mr. Perley. He explained that in  
the early part of the session, Mr.  
Shakespeare, one of the British  
Columbia representatives, and he  
invited all the western members to  
meet and unite on all western ques-  
tions. They met and organized  
themselves into a committee and  
appointed Mr. Royal chairman and  
Mr. Davin secretary. He (Mr.  
Perley) suggested that they send  
for rates of freight on the different  
transcontinental railways as with  
the information he then had he  
was not prepared to give an intelli-  
gent vote on the question, and when  
Mr. Watson introduced his dis-  
allowance resolutions the committee  
was again called together. He  
(Mr. Perley) suggested that Mr.  
Van Horne, of the C. P. R., be sent  
for to present the C. P. R. views of  
the question. When Mr. Van  
Horne came the committee again  
met and commenced to argue the  
question of rates with Mr. Van  
Horne, but they found that he  
could knock their arguments higher  
than Gildroy's kite. Mr. Watson  
was not present, and he (Mr. Perley)  
suggested sending for him, as Mr.  
Watson having made the question  
a hobby, ought to be able to meet  
Mr. Van Horne but he was over-  
ruled in that by other members of  
the committee. However a few  
days later, Mr. Watson and Mr.  
Van Horne happened to meet with  
some of the Northwest members  
when the question was again dis-  
cussed. Mr. Watson could not  
stand up before Mr. Van Horne in  
arguing the question. About the  
same time the Winnipeg delegates  
arrived at Ottawa, and the question  
was discussed with them. On that  
occasion he (Mr. Perley) suggested  
sending for Mr. Van Horne. In  
this he was also overruled. After  
the question had been fully dis-  
cussed, Mr. Davin was about to speak,  
when he (Mr. Perley) asked the  
Winnipeg delegation whether it  
was a question of reduction of  
rates on another railway that they  
wanted another railway, railways  
were not in question, they wanted the  
Grand Trunk to get into Winnipeg.  
Mr. Ashdown, one of the delegation  
said that times were hard, and that  
they wanted to get the Grand  
Trunk into Winnipeg and build  
work shops there, which would

cause a circulation of money and make better times. Finding that the disallowance question was really not one of rates but rather one of getting more railways to the south, he (Mr. Perley) concluded after carefully considering the question that it would not be in the interests of his constituents to incur the hostility of the C. P. R. for the sake of hauling the Winnipeg chestnuts out of the fire. He therefore voted against disallowance. He would in conclusion give his impressions of the House of Commons. He thought all things considered that Sir John had the strongest government ever he had since Confederation, and the Government gave the House credit for being the ablest Canada ever had. He thought Mr. Blake to be a man of superior knowledge and influence. It was to be regretted that the services of a man of Mr. Blake's ability should be lost to House and country. There was one thing he noticed and that was the difference in the cordiality of the leaders of the House. There were more smiles and personal good feeling coming from Sir John in one afternoon than from Mr. Blake, Mr. Cartwright, Mr. Mills, Mr. Laurier and Mr. Charlton put together during the whole session. Mr. Perley again thanked those present for the splendid ovation they had given him, when he sat down amid the most enthusiastic applause. He was frequently cheered and applauded during the delivery of his speech of which the above is necessarily an epitomized report.

The next toast was "The Northwest Council." This was responded to by Mr. T. W. Jackson who said he was very much gratified to be present to render this mode of respect to our worthy representative. He eulogized Mr. Perley highly and from an Assiniboia standpoint justified Mr. Perley's action on disallowance. During the course of Mr. Jackson's speech he stated that the Wood Mountain and Qu'Appelle Railway Company would be the only railway company that would be able to turn a sod of railway in the Northwest this year. Mr. W. Sutherland, M. N. W. C., also responded to this toast. The other toasts usual on such occasions were drunk and responded to, but time and space forbids us referring to them in detail.

The only other toast we can refer to is that of "Our sister provinces," which was responded to by Mr. W. A. Webster, of Kingston, Ont. Mr. Webster said it gave him very great pleasure to be present to do honor to the guest of the evening. It gave him double pleasure to hear the toast of "Our sister provinces" so well responded to. He said that Mr. Perley's constituents had done themselves an honor in giving their representative such a magnificent ovation. Mr. Webster went on to speak in glowing terms of the agricultural resources of the Northwest. He said he had heard of the big four year old steers, but when it came to four year old towns he had never expected to see anything so big as there was here at Qu'Appelle. Why they had towns down in the part of Ontario where he came from that were thirty years old and they were not as big as Qu'Appelle. Mr. Webster went on in a most happy strain to speak of various matters that had come under his notice on his tour through Manitoba and the Northwest and elicited frequent cheers and applause. He closed his speech with a splendid peroration on the warm feelings that existed between the sister provinces in the east and those in the west.

The banquet closed in the usual way and as those present rose from their seats they gave Mr. Perley three rousing cheers and a tiger.

—Go to G. L. Dodds for cheap goods. He will sell cheap to save paying freight on goods.

—Wagon's diary and Hamilton's Pocket Gazette and Traveler's Guide at THE PROGRESS STORE.

—Dr. Clark's Sassafras cures all kind of blood diseases from a common purple to the worst case of Scrofula's. Chlasy Kidney Cure is a positive cure for all kidney complaints.

## The Qu'Appelle Progress

Is Published every Thursday

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## AGRICULTURAL SOCIETIES.

In our advertising columns will be found the conditions under which the agricultural societies of the Northwest Territories may obtain their share of the \$10,000 granted by the Dominion Government. As will be seen the grant is a liberal one. We do not think that there will be any society so poor that it cannot obtain the full \$250 allotted to each society on condition of having a membership of at least fifty and subscribing at least \$83.33. All the towns in the territories will thus be able to offer good prizes and there is no doubt that there will be excellent shows, for the crops in every part of the territories are good. There will not be a single centre of an agricultural population that will not be able to make a first class exhibit. It is the intention of the agricultural societies of Assiniboia, aided by Mr. W. D. Perley, M. P. for the Eastern division, that the outside world will see and hear of what Assiniboia can do in the way of agricultural products. Leading men and press representatives have been invited to take in the shows, which are so arranged on successive days that each one can be visited. The crops being good the visit of these men will do much to give the lie to the false reports that have been going abroad respecting the agricultural capabilities of Assiniboia, and will be a big advertisement for the benefit of our vacant farm lands.

## THE CROPS.

It appears that reports have been sent down to some Ontario papers that the crops in the Northwest Territories this season are a failure while those in Manitoba are excellent. We can only trace the lie to the fact that there appears to be a strong desire on the part of those interested (of course) in landing Manitoba to the skies at the expense of the rest of the Northwest. The object is to prevent handouts from coming further west and keeping them in Manitoba. The fact that generally the average yield of grain may be somewhat higher in Manitoba this year than in the Territories, does not do away with the other fact that in another year a strict comparison may have resulted favorable to the Territories.

It is of course reasonable to expect in a country of such immense distances as exist in Manitoba and the Northwest that the climatic conditions will differ in some portions. While one part may one year be blessed with all that is needed to make the earth produce bountifully to overflowing, while elsewhere nature may be chary of her mes-

sures, another part the next year may lead in the yield of the products of the soil. As one swallow does not make a summer, neither does the fact that Manitoba this year may have a few more bushels to the acre than the Territories, decide that next year the reverse may not be the case. But to be more particular. Reports from every locality in the Territories where farming is carried on, go to show that the average yield this year will be as high, if not higher, than the general average yield of other grain-growing portions of this continent. It is true that in every locality there are a few isolated cases of failure, but they are only an exception that would prove the rule. In the Qu'Appelle district immediately in the vicinity of this town, there are some excellent crops. There are fields of wheat that will undoubtedly yield thirty bushels to the acre, some isolated cases claim thirty-five. One field of barley within two miles of the town required 27 pounds of binding twine to the acre to reap it. Oats will also yield well. Taking other sections of the Northwest, and the reports are as a rule about the same. While here and there may be found a few bad fields, there is so much good crop that the farmers generally are preparing a large acreage for seed next year.

## NOTES AND COMMENTS.

In the matter of the Conservative election in South Renfrew, the Leader, as in everything else, leads at the tail end. THE PROGRESS expressed its satisfaction over the Conservative victory days before the Leader.

Newspaper men are heartless. They soon size-up their contemporaries. The leading Northwest papers having exonerated the Regina mis-Leader, it would be a pity to rattle the wound. So let him alone to wallow in the mire.

Our devil has undertaken the task of downing the Leader imp. We doubt if his capabilities for lying, being trained in a different atmosphere, are equal to the Leader imp, and have therefore instructed him to stick to the truth even though he should himself be vanquished.

It is reported that the Leader editor has been married lately, but yet he does not still be happy. THE PROGRESS is still gall and wormwood to his soul. His lamentation is—Oh, that I had not stirred up that Qu'Appelle hornet's nest, and perhaps I would have fallen into the bad graces of about all the other Northwest papers!

Replying to the question asked by the Regina Journal: If its editor will look back over its file, he will find that in a previous issue it was made to appear that Mr. Perley was opposed to the National Policy, and then the Journal of July 28th said "the most that either have said was that Mr. P. then objected (in 1885) to the excessive duty on agricultural implements." The latter is precisely the point for which we contended.

The Toronto Mail has had some lying reports of the crops from the Northwest Territories of late. One report says the crops outside the province of Manitoba are a total failure. This is an unadulterated lie, and the Mail will have to look to it that it is not made the tool of by interested parties to boom Manitoba at the expense of the territories.

That paper should be careful not to gain the unenviable reputation of the Globe for heavily discounting the agricultural capabilities of the Northwest.

## AGRICULTURAL SHOWS.

At the request of Mr. W. D. Perley, M. P. for East Assiniboia, a number of delegates from the various agricultural societies met at Wolsely to make arrangements for carrying out a scheme proposed and started by Mr. Perley to systematically advertise the agricultural resources of Assiniboia. The Dominion Parliament at its last session granted \$10,000 to be distributed among the agricultural societies of the Northwest, and it is Mr. Perley's intention to see that the best use is made of the money. At his suggestion the dates for holding the fall shows in Assiniboia have been arranged on successive days, commencing at Moosomin on the 28th September and following in order westward including Regina on the 10th and 11th October. The object of this arrangement is to give an opportunity to leading men in the east and representatives of the press to visit all the shows. This much having been done Mr. Perley desired the cooperation of the societies in carrying out the scheme to a successful issue. The meeting of delegates was convened at 13:30 o'clock with Mr. Perley as chairman and Mr. L. Thompson, of Ellsboro, as secretary. A letter was read from Hon. Mr. Carling, Dominion Minister of Agriculture, intimating his intention if possible to be present, and also a letter from Mr. W. C. Van Horne, of the C. P. R., stating that free passes would be granted on recommendation of the leading newspaper representatives in Eastern Canada who would attend the exhibitions. Fourteen of the leading newspapers of Ontario, four of Quebec, five of New Brunswick, three of Nova Scotia and two of Prince Edward Island were selected to be invited to send representatives to report the exhibitions. It was also decided to continue correspondence with Prof. Saunders and others requesting them to attend the shows. The question of suitable entertainment and the transportation of the delegation of eastern men from place to place was discussed. Those present at the meeting, with the Secs. of the different agricultural societies as ex-officio members, were appointed a permanent committee to carry out the arrangements made, with Mr. Perley as chairman and Mr. S. V. Bray as secretary, when the meeting adjourned.

The McLeod Gazette or any other paper can abuse us with impunity, for we never could offer any such rewards as the Regina Leader is putting up for the capture of the person or persons who called some other person a "raffian." See what it is to be wealthy. Buffalo Bill, who shouts for the unfortunate Times, could claim that reward, but he won't, or other words to that effect. But for heaven's sake, old Leader, are you in earnest? The Qu'Appelle Progress has evidence enough to hang you.—Medicine Hat Times.

Canadian-American: It was when that sturdy Liberal, George Brown, was its editor that the Toronto Globe denounced Commercial Union and said that "men who advocate a base surrender of their country for money do not cease to be disgusting, though they become so ridiculous when it is evident they are duped by their own sordid imaginations." George Brown wrote in this strain because he had faith in his country. He was an ardent Liberal and a strong partisan, but he never proposed to scuttle the Ship of State when things did not go to suit him. Thoroughly Canadian in his sentiments under George Brown's management, the Globe never felt called upon to support a project of the character of continental free trade. And Mr. Brown preached his doctrines with so much spirit and earnestness that thousands of Canadian Liberals will never consent to a union with the United States to the injury of Great Britain.

Canadian-American: A Canadian gentleman connected with a large financial institution in New York, writes on commercial reciprocity as follows:—"I haven't given a serious thought to commercial union, at it will not answer for every country, and would not pass in this. It would benefit the lumber interests of Canada, the barley growers around Kingston, the potato growers in Nova Scotia, and maybe some particular classes of farmers in the neighborhood of the big cities on the lakes. It would ruin your flour mills, and in five years there would not be a manufacturing of any description open in any part of Canada. A big book might be written in proof of this, by any one who would take the trouble to go into it."

Non-West Farmer: One of the most gratifying decisions yet come to by a local municipality is that of Oaklands, in ranges 17, 18 and 19, south of the Assiniboia, for the encouragement of tree planting. The Manitoba Municipal Act, 1886, contains ample provisions for the encouragement of roadside tree planting, and for their subsequent protection, and to Oaklands belongs the honor of heading the procession of municipalities that it is to be hoped will before long avail themselves of its provisions. They have enacted that any ratepayer who shall break and afterwards properly cultivate a strip of land from eight to eighteen feet wide for that purpose, shall be allowed one day's statute labor and seed free of cost to sow two rows of trees thereon. It is said that fifty miles are already under process of preparation, and will be seeded at the earliest proper opportunity. This resolution does great credit to those who have undertaken to carry out this enterprise, which is calculated to add so much to the beauty of their district, as well as to the value of their farms.

## THE MAYFLOWER.

The Congregational Sunday School & Publishing Society began this year the publication of a four-page weekly for youngest readers in the primary department of our Sunday Schools, the name of "The Mayflower" being given it as appropriate to the "Pilgrim" Series of publications for Sunday schools, of which it was to form a part. The Society has recently learned that a newspaper bearing the same name had for some years been published at Yarmouthport, Mass., by Mr. George Otis. This had led to a friendly correspondence, and Mr. Otis, with evident sympathy in the work of the Society, cordially acquiesces in the use which is made of the title "The Mayflower," in connection with the juvenile publications above referred to. Acknowledgment are due to Mr. Otis for his great courtesy in this matter, and it should be clearly understood that his right to the title, "The Mayflower," as applied to a new paper, is in no way affected by the use which is made of it, with his knowledge and consent, by the Congregational S. S. & Pub. Society. Mr. Otis "Mayflower" is an attractive weekly paper (secular) of 400 pages, and is intended for the family. It has a large variety of readers, matter adapted to old and young, carefully edited, and its price 5¢ per year, places it within the reach of many readers who cannot afford the higher priced papers.—(Congregationalist, May 26th, 1886.)

We understand correspondence being had with Oliver Optic, James Otis, Horatio Alger, Jr., and other eminent writers for the young, in order to secure their interesting contributions for the Mayflower. The Mayflower will be sent in this for two months for only 10¢. Try it.

## Heavy Draft Team FOR SALE.

\$300 CASH will purchase a reliable light bay Heavy Draft Team, recently the property of Mr. A. J. Bailey, of Qu'Appelle. Apply to J. S. HOLLIS.

August 11th, 1887.



## NEW BAKERY.

**A. McKenzie,**

**QU'APPELLE STREET,**  
OPPOSITE THE PROGRESS OFFICE.

## BREAD! FRUITS!

CONFECTIONERY, &c.,

Constantly on hand.

Birthday and Bride's Cakes

A SPECIALTY.

## THOMSON & NELSON

FORWARDERS.

AND DEALERS IN

Lumber, Lath, Shingles

DOORS, SASH

Building Paper, etc

Office West of C.P.R. Station.

QU'APPELLE.

BRANCH at FORT QU'APPELLE.

Qu'Appelle

## Roller Mills,

We beg to announce that our Roller Mills at Qu'Appelle Station, are now in operation, and that we are prepared to supply the Farmers of the Municipality of Qu'Appelle, with Flour, Bran and Shorts, in exchange for Wheat on the most liberal terms.

We are also prepared to Chop Barley and Oats for Feed.

Will pay 25 cents per bushel for No. 1 Hard Wheat, being 8 cents per bushel

Higher than

Brandon Prices!

D. H. McMillan & Bro

QU'APPELLE

Stove & Tin Depot.

E. WISMER.

WHILE returning thanks for past patronage, would direct attention to a large stock of

STOVES AND TINWARE.

My Stoves are from the best manufacturers, and were selected to meet the requirements of the Northwest trade.

QU'APPELLE STATION.

JOHN B. MILLIKEN, & Co.

Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of

## Harness & Saddlery

WHIPS,

CURRY COMBS,

HORSE BRUSHES,

BELLS,

BRANKETS,

SPURS,

TRUNKS,

VALISES,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

Qu'Appelle, Nov. 25, 1886.

J. B. ROBINSON

Contractor, Builder,

ETC., ETC.

QU'APPELLE.

All Work in my Line will Receive

Careful Attention.

## NEW SPRING GOODS!

Just Received.

A large and splendid assortment of

ENGLISH, IRISH & SCOTCH TWEEDS,

HALIFAX TWEEDS,

DOESKINS,

BROAD CLOTHS,

PILOT CLOTHS,

ETC., ETC.,

Imported specially for the

Tailoring Department,

Where they can be made to order in the very LATEST STYLES. This Department has already become noted for its Excellent Goods, Splendid Fits and Good Work.

## N-O-W I-N S-T-O-C-K,

HATS AND CAPS in all the newest leading styles, also Ready-made Clothing and Gents' Furnishings in great profusion.

S. H. CASWELL. — GENERAL MERCHANT, QU'APPELLE.

GEORGE H. V. BULYEA,

## Insurance & General Agent,

AND DEALER IN

Flour, Oats, Bran, Shorts, Oatmeal, Cracked Wheat, Graham Flour, etc., etc.

Four different grades of Flour at Mill Prices.

QU'APPELLE, N W T

## THE LE LAND HOUSE.

Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia.

## Love & Raymond,

PROPRIETORS.

Rebuilt, Enlarged, Renovated. Everything New and First-Class Throughout.

SUITS FOR FAMILIES.

TERMS MODERATE.

The Best Made!

## THE WANZER

Sewing Machine

NOW IN STOCK AT

THE PROGRESS STORE,

QU'APPELLE.

## The Canada North-West Land Co.

(LIMITED)

Offer for Sale

## SELECTED FARM LANDS

in Manitoba and the North-West Territories,

Near the Canadian Pacific Railway Main Line

A large proportion of this Company's Lands is in thickly settled Districts.

For information, Prices and Maps, apply at the office of the Company, 14 Castle street, Edinburgh, Scotland; 75 Lombard street, London, England; 121 Main street, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

W. B. SCARTH

MANAGING DIRECTOR FOR CANADA

Canadian Pacific Railway Town Lots.

THE TOWN SITE TRUSTEES OFFER FOR SALE

Building Sites at all Stations on Main Line of above Railway Between Brandon and Calgary

W. B. SCARTH, Trustee.

AGENT IN QU'APPELLE FOR LANDS AND TOWN LOTS

LESLIE GORDON,

## WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY, Just Received.

A large select stock of SOLID GOLD, SILVER AND SILVEROID AMERICAN WATCHES. Gold, Silver and Rolled Gold Plate

CHAINS,

LOCKETS,

BROOCHES,

SCARF PINS,

COLLAR STUDS,

NECKLETS,

CHARMS,

EAB RINGS,

SLEEVE BUTTONS,

ETC., ETC.

Rings, Rings, Rings!

A splendid assortment of

"STONE," "GEM," BAND AND WEDDING RINGS.

All Goods are first-class and will be sold at Ontario prices

ALL KINDS OF REPAIRING DONE. FINE WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY. ALL WORK WARRANTED.

C. C. BAILEY & CO. — PRACTICAL WATCHMAKERS.

Qu'Appelle, April 7, 1887.

## QUEEN'S HOTEL,

OF THE

## TOWN OF QU'APPELLE.

The Leading House in the West.

G. S. DAVIDSON,

PROPRIETOR

## A Full Assortment of Furniture!

OF ALL KINDS

Kept Constantly on Hand,

ALSO IN STOCK, A FULL LINE OF

Coffins and Caskets.

GEO. H. V. BULYEA,

Corner Qu'Appelle St. and Ninth Avenue, Qu'Appelle, N. W. T.



## Dominion Lands Government Intelligence Office.

APPLICATION FOR PATENTS CAN BE MADE AT THIS OFFICE, P. M. OHLER, Government Agent.

FOR SALE.

Ontario and Qu'Appelle Lands, many of them lying close to Qu'Appelle, on the C. P. R., at low prices, purchasers having the advantages of Churches, Schools, Daily Mail and good Stores, etc.,

THE NORTH OF SCOTLAND LOAN CO. will advance Money on Improved Land. A number of Improved Farms at Edgley, Indian Head and Fort Qu'Appelle, to be disposed of. Several choice STOCK SECTIONS close to Town can be purchased on reasonable terms. Those wishing for lists of Government Lands to Homestead, or Lands to purchase will apply at the office of

Qu'Appelle, May 13, 1886.

F. L. OSLER.

## MONEY TO LOAN.

THE NORTH OF SCOTLAND LOAN CO. will advance Money on Improved Land. A number of Improved Farms at Edgley, Indian Head and Fort Qu'Appelle, to be disposed of. Several choice STOCK SECTIONS close to Town can be purchased on reasonable terms. Those wishing for lists of Government Lands to Homestead, or Lands to purchase will apply at the office of

## The Progress Store

Will be found to contain a well selected stock of

BOOKS STATIONERY

FANCY GOODS,

SCHOOL BOOKS

Which we will sell at the most reasonable prices







## HOME & GOSSIP.

### QU'APPELLE.

—Thunder.  
—And lightning.  
—How it rained Sunday.  
—Harvesting is in full swing.  
—The voice of the self-tinder is heard in the land.  
—Mr. John Grieve shows a sun-flower fourteen inches in diameter.  
—Prof. Tanner left here for British Columbia by the west bound train on Monday night.  
—Mr. Tharvel Thurston has obtained the contract for building the McLean school, his tender being the lowest.

—Qu'Appelle Council of Royal Templars is flourishing. There were five initiations at the last meeting on Monday evening.

THE PROGRESS chromatic poster print is taking the lead. Agricultural posters were issued from the office this week in four colors.

—Quarterly meeting in the Methodist church next Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock, and the business meeting on Monday at 16 o'clock.

—That manure heap on the west of Walsh street has not yet been removed. Why does not the inspector summon the proprietor before a J. P. under the nuisance by-law?

—Mr. B. Tanner, brother of Prof. Tanner, has taken up his residence about three and a half miles east of this town. He has a very fine house built for himself on a beautiful location.

—Mr. and Mrs. Angus Raymond, of the Leland House, returned on Saturday evening last from a month's trip in the east. They were met at the station by a number of friends to welcome them home.

KEEP COOL? An ice cream social will be given by the ladies of the Methodist church on Friday evening next 19th inst., at 20 o'clock. The program will consist of music, readings, addresses and splendid ice cream. Entrance fee 25 cents.

—Farmers who were disheartened by last year's failure are this year preparing all the ground they can for next season's sowing, the crop this year having turned out better than any one thought was possible with the surface of the earth as dry as it was in the spring.

—Mr. Thos. King, who is on the farm of Mr. E. W. Warner, about two miles and a half north of here brought to our office a sample of his wheat. It is about three feet and a half long and the heads are well filled with a fine plump grain. The yield will be 25 bushels to the acre.

—Qu'Appelle can do the land-some thing in tanquets. When the home Cricket Club, entertained the Winnipeg eleven to a dinner at the Leland House, the captain of the Winnipeg team expressed his surprise at the appointments of the table; he said that he did not think it was possible to get up such a magnificent spread west of Winnipeg.

—Mr. W. A. Webster, a farmer from near Kingston, Ont., paid our town a visit on Tuesday. He has been prospecting parts of Dakota, Manitoba and the Northwest, and speaks highly of what he has seen in our country. He said to a reporter of THE PROGRESS that the best 500 acres of wheat that he had ever seen in any country in one field he had seen this season in the district of Assiniboia. Mr. Webster has travelled considerably in the United States and has been in every county in Manitoba as well as visiting different points along the C. P. R. as far west as Regina, and says that the western portion of the country north of the 49th parallel is an agricultural paradise. He says almost of the country south of the line, excepting of course a few counties in north-eastern Dakota, which are similar to the province of Manitoba which they adjoin.

—A special train went west on Tuesday morning having on board Sir George Stephen, President, and Mr. W. C. Van Horne, Vice President of the C.P.R.

—Mr. W. Bell, of Edgeley, is making an excellent dash churn attachment for the old fashioned upright churn. This appliance turns the work of the old handkiller into child's play. One of the machines may be seen at THE PROGRESS office.

—A lecture will be delivered in the Methodist church next Tuesday evening, the 23rd inst., by Mrs. (Rev. A.) Andrews, under the auspices of Qu'Appelle Council, Royal Templars of Temperance. Subject—"The Woman's Crusade in Ohio." The object of the lecture is to arouse the interest especially of the ladies in temperance work, and it is proposed to organize a local branch of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union at the close of the lecture. A collection will be taken up on behalf of the W.C.T.U. at the close of the lecture.

### MURDERERS CAUGHT.

About ten days ago Sergt. Macpherson and two mounted policemen followed the McLeish murderers across the international boundary line near Moose Mountain, being about nine hours behind them. They of course had not the power to arrest them in the States, and did not receive any assistance from the authorities there, though the murderers were in the same locality. At the time of crossing the line there are said to have been four of the party, two riding on stolen horses and two walking in turns. Not receiving any encouragement from the Dakota officials, Sergt. Macpherson returned to Brandon and notified the Government, and the necessary authority having been obtained, the Sergt. again started across the line and has had the murderers taken in charge by the United States authorities. Extradition papers are being taken out and the prisoners will be brought back to the Territories for trial. Sergt. Macpherson had tracked the murderers all the way from the Assiniboine river, and along the route found parties who had given them shelter and assistance in escaping, and who, for so doing may find it interesting before the murderers are hanged. Sergt. Macpherson deserves the highest praise for having run down the red handed criminals.

### A WARNING NOTE.

Dr. O. C. Edwards has written a letter on the sanitary condition of the town which we deem it prudent to insert in our columns. He refers to the cases of typhoid fever which have developed here recently and the origin of the disease. His reference to the want of cleanliness which was manifest here last spring is alas too true. A scarcely less mild term can be used than criminal negligence in speaking of the want of care exercised in allowing manure and decaying vegetable and other matter to lie around the back yards and stables in the heart of the town to contaminate the air, which here is naturally so pure, and pollute the water that falls upon the surface and works its way into the wells. We may be censured for giving this matter publicity, but as amount of hushing up the facts will abate the evil, it is better that we should be brought face to face with this question now, disagreeable as it may be, in order that more stringent measures may be adopted in future to prevent a recurrence of the ravages of typhoid. It is better while we are in the youth of our growth as a town that we are taught by experience to use all sanitary means preventive of disease, than to become so habitually neglectful through immaturity from sickness that when our population has become largely increased, we should have such an epidemic of disease that the results would be vastly more serious than the few cases at present in town. As Dr. Edwards says, this is a disease that can be prevented, and there is therefore no excuse for its existence. It is unfortunate that most frequently it is not those who are guilty of the

negligence causing the disease that are attacked, but more often those who are in no way responsible. If the results of their negligence were only visited upon themselves, then there would not be much cause for complaint, but such is not the case, and therefore the general public must take hold of this matter, and see that stringent sanitary laws are made and vigorously enforced. While we do not wish to cause needless alarm, we have written thus strongly in order that our citizens may realize the importance of thorough cleanliness.

### Correspondence.

To the Editor of the Progress.

SIR: The fact that five cases of typhoid fever have developed here recently and the inference from that being that others will follow, should be a matter of concern in this place. It is too late now to say that vastly more care should have been exercised in the spring in getting the back yards into a proper sanitary state. The present outbreak will surely impress that lesson. Typhoid belongs to the order of diseases that should be prevented and when care is exercised to keep water absolutely pure and to remove all animal and vegetable matter from yards and cellars there would be no outbreak of this disease. It is by sewage principally that wells become poisoned. The question may be asked what is to be done now? I would reply to your back-yards and cellars are thoroughly clean. Do not use water either for drinking or cooking where there is the slightest suspicion of the well having become poisoned by sewage from carelessly left or placed manure. (I say placed as I understand manure has been actually used for packing about wells) or closets too close to wells, or decomposing matter of any kind. What I say is just as applicable to those living on farms as those in towns. The yards may be so neglected that by sewage the wells will become contaminated and this treacherous and often deadly disease will follow.

The late Dr. Charles Murchison traced an epidemic of typhoid in London, England, to the following cause, and when it was stopped the spread of the disease was stamped out. The milk pans of a certain farm of a large corporation engaged in that business had been washed by water taken from a well that had become poisoned by sewage from a closet too close to the well and into which the stools from a typhoid case had been cast. This corporation was compelled to close supplying milk from that farm till matters were rectified and the epidemic was immediately stopped. We cannot miss the secret poison of scarlet fever or measles and stop its spread, but most certainly where careful sanitary laws are kept in force this pernicious disease of typhoid should be and can be prevented, and I think it only requires a slight exercise of memory to convince any one that the most sanitary laws were absolutely set at defiance by the careless negligence of the people of our town in the months that have passed, since the first left us. As long as we depend on water from wells in back yards so long will careless negligence have to be exercised or typhoid will follow as sure as night follows day.

Yours, etc.

O. C. EDWARDS, M. D.

### KATELWA.

—Harvesting is now general in this district and many of the farmers are reaping in a beautiful supply of grain, though some have suffered considerably from the ravage of the destructive gophers.

—Sunday next, the 21st inst., being the day appointed by His Lordship the Bishop of Qu'Appelle for the dedication of the new church here, evening will be read as usual at 15 o'clock after which the ceremony will be performed by his Lordship. A collection will be made after the service in aid of the building fund, and it is hoped that a large number of friends will attend the opening of the sacred edifice.

### TOUCHWOOD HILLS.

Rev. Gilbert Cook, Church of England missionary among the Cree Indians residing at Touchwood Hills, is at the New Douglas. He came in to the mission conference but arrived too late. He reports encouraging progress among the 800 Indians entrusted in that reserve. They planted quite a large area with wheat last spring; and it promises to be a splendid crop if unimpaired by frost. Mr. Cook says there are fields of grain at Day Star's reserve, equally as good as anything he has seen in Manitoba. There has also been a great crop of potatoes, and it is anticipated that fully 2,000 bushels will be stored

### WOLSELEY.

—The Wolseley hotel is being refitted and refurnished and will shortly be reopened in first-class style.

—Mr. G. L. Dodds is having a great clearing sale. 20 per cent off dry goods and hardware and 10 per cent off groceries.

—Mrs. W. Cook is an adept at oil painting either landscapes or flowers, and will give instructions in the art to any desiring lessons.

—Mr. G. L. Dodds has decided to remove to Southwestern Manitoba. He will locate at the C. P. R. crossing of the Souris river.

—Mr. J. P. Bill is increasing his herd of cattle and he proposes next spring to start a cheese factory. This will make a local market for the product of the farmer's cows.

—The farmers are busy harvesting. About two weeks ago a hail storm destroyed several fields of excellent grain in the vicinity of Moffat. There are a few short fields injured by gophers, but generally there will be a fair crop.

—Mr. W. D. Cook is bringing in a thousand head of French Merino sheep from the United States. He has gone to meet them. The farmers will have a good opportunity of stocking their farms with some fine animals, which will be a profitable investment.

—The regular quarterly meeting of the Wolseley circuit was held in the Methodist church on Sunday last. Rev. A. Andrews, of Qu'Appelle, officiating. The business meeting was held on Saturday. Rev. F. Barnes took Mr. Andrews appointments at Qu'Appelle.

—Messrs. Cook and Cole, the proprietors of the Wolseley mill, propose to sink a tank and run into it a pipe attached to the C. P. R. force pump and tank in order to have a full supply of water at all times without being under the necessity of hauling water from the reservoir.

—Great crowd attend G. L. Dodds clearing sale. Stock must be cleared out, as he is negotiating for a large stock in Manitoba.

### BATTLEFORD.

Saskatchewan Herald.

—On Friday last Mr. Thos. Macfarlane and party arrived from Swift Current with two hundred high-grade two and three year old heifers and six thoroughbred shorthorn bulls. The herd averages a higher quality than any yet imported here, and there have been some very good ones brought in. They were divided between Macfarlane Brothers, Messrs. Wyld & Bontle, B. A. Lawson, J. E. Beliveau and Goodwin Marchand.

—Some weeks ago a colony of grasshoppers hatched out on the plains between the Bush and Eagle Creek, on the Swift Current trail, and for the distance of about a day's travel cleaned off every green thing. But their appetites were stronger than their growth; they ate down all that was within their reach while they were yet too young to fly, and so starved to death. Today they lie thick upon the ground while over them is springing up a second growth of grass, such as will furnish ample food for the animals used in freighting. That swarms is just doing harm another year.

by the agents for use next season. The number of these Indians has been somewhat increased by about fifty French half breeds who have recently enfranchised. Good schools have been erected on Gordon and Muskewogan's reserves, and the material is now being taken out for a school at Day Star's. As yet no teachers have been appointed, but it is expected that James Slater of Poplar Point, will be appointed teacher at Day Star's reserve. Three of these tribes are still heathen and Christianizing them is very slow work. Both the Catholic and English churches have missions among them.

### AUCTION SALE.

The undersigned has received instructions to sell by public auction on Monday, Aug. 22, 1887. The following articles, viz: Lot block 161, Qu'Appelle, with a good frame house 18x22 and stable 12x16; 2 mule cows; 1 heifer; 1 pig; 1 cooking stove with top; 1 side-board; 1 long; 1 table; chairs; 1 bedstead; 1 sewing machine; crockery, glassware and other articles, property of Mr. Richard Smith. Sale to take place on the above premises at 13 o'clock. Terms cash.

G. S. Davidson, Auctioneer.

### NOTICE

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP EXISTING between the undersigned and the business at Indian Head as general traders and Merchants, under the name and style of Murray & Brooks, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent, the same to take effect from the first of January, 1887. All liabilities will be paid by G. F. Murray, who also is authorized to collect all accounts, due and due the late firm.

W. B. DICKINSON, GEO. F. MURRAY, EDWIN J. BROOKS.

Indian Head, August 8th, 1887.

### Horses for Sale.

TEAM CLAYDE geldings 7 and 8 years; first class for delivery in last week, kind and gentle single colts, any reasonable offer accepted.

W. J. SUTCLIFF.

Wolseley, August 1887.



### Agricultural Societies in the North-West Territories.

IN order to give effect to the vote of the Session of Parliament of 1886-87 of Agricultural Societies in the North-West Territories, the following appointments and regulations have been decided upon:

1. An Agricultural Society having members, each of whom shall have contributed \$1, may receive from the government \$150, and \$3 for every additional member of \$1 each, not exceeding a total of \$250, for a subscription of \$250, the society having membership as above would be entitled to receive \$250, which is the amount that will be paid from the government to any one Society.
2. It is a condition of any payment under the preceding section that the Agricultural Society shall be incorporated under the laws of the Dominion of Canada, and that the society shall be incorporated before the 1st of January next, to the Minister of Agriculture, and must show:

- (a) The name of the Society, and its location.
- (b) The names of the several members of the Society, with the amount of their subscription, and the date when the same was paid, set opposite the name of each.
- (c) This statement must be accompanied by a declaration made before a Justice of the Peace, that it is true, and that the conditions have been fulfilled.

By order of the Minister of Agriculture, JOHN L. LAMONT, Secretary of the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, 5th August, 1887.

### LOST

FROM BEAVER HILLS STOCK CO. No. 32, Tp. 25, R. 6, one mare brand N. W. and one yearling mare red and white, also one yearling colt. Address: BOUTCHER & SONS, Indian Head, Sask.

### S. John's College School.

Near Qu'Appelle Station.

A HEAD MASTER, a considerable experience in the management of a school, has been secured, who will be expected about October 1st. It is intended to furnish a liberal education suitable for a professional life. For terms and further information apply to the Secretary, S. John's College.